

## Numerical Problems of AM solutions

### Numericals Solution

N.1

frequency of message (B) = 5 kHz

channel BW reqd. for each AM station ( $B_c$ ) =  $2 \times 5$  kHz  
= 10 kHz

Total no. of AM stations that can be accommodated =  $\frac{\text{Total BW}}{\text{BW occupied by each AM station}}$

$$= \frac{100 \text{ kHz}}{10 \text{ kHz}} = 10$$

Q.N.2 Solution

$$m = 0.9$$

$$P_c = 500 \text{ W}$$

$$P_t = ?$$

$$P_t = P_c \left(1 + \frac{m^2}{2}\right) = 500 \left(1 + \frac{0.9^2}{2}\right) = 702.5 \text{ W}$$

Q.N.3 Solution

$$P_t = 50 \text{ kW}, m = 0.95,$$

$$P_t = P_c \left(1 + \frac{m^2}{2}\right) \quad \therefore P_c = \frac{P_t}{1 + \frac{m^2}{2}} = \frac{50}{1 + \frac{0.95^2}{2}} = 34.45 \text{ kW}$$

In A.M. system,  $P_t = P_c + P_{USB} + P_{LSB}$

$$\text{Sideband Power } (P_{USB} + P_{LSB}) = P_t - P_c = 50 - 34.45 = 15.546 \text{ kW}$$

Q.N.4 Solution

4

$$P_c = 10 \text{ kW}, P_t = 11.2 \text{ kW},$$

$$P_t = P_c \left(1 + \frac{m^2}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{P_t}{P_c} - 1 = \frac{m^2}{2}$$

$$\therefore m = 0.4898 \text{ or } 48.98\%$$

When the carrier is simultaneously transmitted with another carrier of  $m=0.5$ , the resultant modulation index is given as,

$$m' = \sqrt{m_1^2 + m_2^2} = \sqrt{0.4898^2 + 0.5^2} = 0.7$$

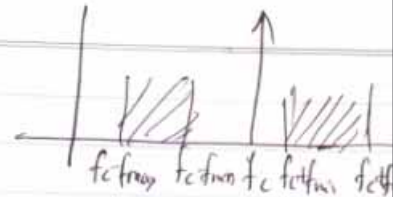
$$P_t = P_c \left(1 + \frac{m'^2}{2}\right) = 10 \left[1 + \frac{0.7^2}{2}\right] = 12.45 \text{ kW}$$

Q.N. 5 Solution

$$f_c = 1000 \text{ kHz.}$$

$$f_{\min} = 100 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f_{\max} = 500 \text{ Hz.}$$



① frequency span of sideband =  $f_{\max} - f_{\min}$

$$= 500 \text{ Hz} - 100 \text{ Hz}$$

$$= 400 \text{ Hz.}$$

(ii) Max<sup>m</sup> upperside frequency =  $f_c + f_{\max} = 1000 \times 10^3 + 500 = 1000.5 \text{ kHz}$

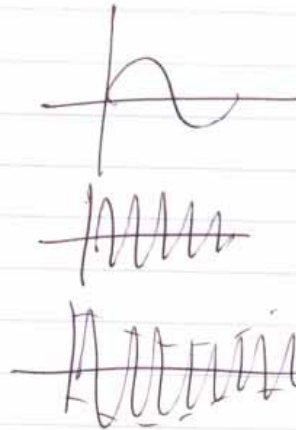
(ii) min<sup>m</sup> lowerside " =  $f_c - f_{\max} = 1000 - 0.5 = 999.5 "$

(iv) freq. range of channel =  $1000.5 - 999.5 = 1 \text{ kHz.}$

Q.N.6 Solution

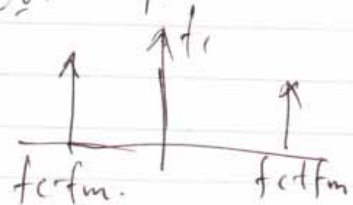
$$V_m = 15 \sin 2\pi(1500t)$$

$$V_c = 60.8 \sin 2\pi(100000t)$$



(b)  $m = \frac{V_m}{V_c} = \frac{15}{60} = 0.25$

(c)  $f_m = 1500 \text{ Hz}$ ,  $f_c = 100000 \text{ Hz}$ ,



(d) The A.M. wave is given as,

$$V_{AM} = \text{Carrier signal} [1 + \text{mod. index} \times \text{message signal}]$$

$$= 60.8 \sin(10^5 t) [1 + 0.25 \sin 2\pi(1500t)]$$

Q.N.7 Solution

$$f_m(\text{min}) = 100 \text{ Hz}$$

$$f_m(\text{max}) = 10 \text{ kHz}$$

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{10 \times 10^{-12} \times 100 \times 10^{-6}}} = 1591$$

frequency range occupied by sidebands

LSB.

